	RTIDetails		
	RTI REQUEST DETAIL	.s	
Registration No. :	MOEAF/R/2015/80154	Date of Receipt :	06/05/2015
Transferred From :	Ministry of Overseas Indian Affairs on 06/05/2015 With Reference Number: MOIAF/R/2015/60044		
Remarks :	The subject matter of RTI application is closely related to the activities of Ministry of External Affairs. The application therefore is transferred under Section 6 (3) to MEA.		
Type of Receipt :	Electronically Transferred from Other Public Authority	Language of Request :	English
Name :	Harpreet Singh	Gender:	Male
Address :	S/o Surjit Singh, B-XI/1/3, A Adjoining Churwal Chungi, I Pin:144601	mar Nagar, K Kapurthala Ci	anjli Road, ty,
State :	Punjab	Country:	India
Phone No. :	+91-9988094689	Mobile No.	+91- 998809468
Email :	hpreetthind92@gmail.com		
Status(Rural/Urban)	Urban	Education Status :	Above Graduate
Letter No. :	Details not provided	30757737677627	Details not provided
Is Requester Below Poverty Line ? :		Citizenship Status	
Amount Paid :	0 (Received by Ministry of Overseas Indian Affairs)		Payment Gateway
Does it concern the life or Liberty of a Person ? :		Request Pertains to :	US (China
Information Sough	in the capacity of a citizen of from your office the following (1) it would like to know from taken by india to get back or neighboring country china (2) whether there exist any of delineated LAC in the border nations (3) if the reply to (2) above	ng information your office ar lost nation commonly ago er areas betwe	n , the efforts area from ou reed upon en the two

measures taken for the removal of the boundary issues PERIOD - SINCE 10 YEARS TILL TODAY to the best of my knowledge, the information demanded does not fall under the categories of exempted information

Print Close



विदेश मंत्रालय, नई दिल्ली MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS NEW DELHI

By Registered Post with AD

RTI Matter Time-Bound

19 May, 2015

No.E/551/76/2015-RTI

To

Sh. Harpreet Singh, S/o Surjit Singh, B-XI/1/3, Amar Nagar, Kanjli Road, Adjoining Churwal Chungi, Kapurthala City, Punjab - 144601

Subject: Information sought under Right to Information Act, 2005

Sir.

Please refer to your RTI application dated 06/05/2015 received online from Ministry of Overseas Indian Affairs by RTI Cell, Ministry of External Affairs (MEA) New Delhi

The response to your query with respect to China is as follows:

China disputes the international boundary between India and China. In the Eastern Sector, China claims approximately 90,000 square kilometers of Indian territory in the State of Arunachal Pradesh, Indian territory under the occupation of China in Jammu & Kashmir is approximately 38,000 sq. kms. In addition, under the so-called China-Pakistan "Boundary Agreement" signed between China and Pakistan on 2 March 1963, Pakistan illegally ceded 5,180 sq. kms. of Indian territory in Pakistan Occupied Kashmir to China. The fact that Arunachal Pradesh and Jammu & Kashmir are integral and inalienable parts of India has been clearly conveyed to the Chinese side on several occasions, including at the highest level.

In recent years, following agreements related to India-China border have been signed between the two countries:

 Agreement on the maintenance of Peace and Tranquillity along the Line of Actual Control in the India-China border areas, signed in September 1993.

 Agreement on Confidence Building Measures in the military field along the Line of Actual Control in the India-China border areas, signed in November 1996

 Protocol on modalities for the implementation of Confidence Building Measures in the military field along the Line of Actual Control in the India-China border areas, signed in April 2005

 Agreement on the Political Parameters and Guiding Principles for the Settlement of the India-China Boundary Question, signed in April 2005

 Agreement on the establishment of Working Mechanism on Consultation and Coordination on India-China Border Affairs, signed in January 2012

Border Defence Cooperation Agreement, signed in October 2013

These Agreements lay down the political parameters and guiding principles for settling the India-China boundary question, institute confidence building measures to facilitate contacts and enhance understanding and cooperation between the border defence forces as well as provide procedures to be followed where there is no common understanding of the Line of

Actual Control.

The two sides have agreed to each appoint a Special Representative (SR) to explore the framework for a boundary settlement from the political perspective of the overall bilateral relationship. The 18th round of Special Representatives Talks on the India-China boundary question was held in New Delhi from March 22-24, 2015. The Special Representatives of the two countries, Shri Ajit Doval, National Security Advisor and Mr Yang Jiechi, State Councilor held useful and positive discussions on the framework for the settlement of the India-China boundary question on the basis of the Agreement on the Political Parameters and Guiding Principles for the Settlement of the India-China Boundary Question signed on April 11, 2005. The two delegations reviewed the situation prevailing in the India-China border areas and focused on the need to adhere to the various agreements for maintenance of peace and tranquility, which is a pre-requisite for continued growth of bilateral relations.

The two Special Representatives affirmed the consensus to seek a fair, reasonable and mutually acceptable solution to the boundary question through consultations on an equal

footing, proceeding from the political perspective of overall bilateral relations.

If you are aggrieved with this reply, you may file an appeal to Shri Sujit Ghosh, Director (East Asia) & Appellate Authority, Ministry of External Affairs, South Block, New Delhi 110011, within a month from the date of receipt of this letter.

> Yours faithfully. what G. Ma

(Aniket G Mandavgane), IFS US (China) & CPIO

CC to:

Smt. Meera Sisodia, US (RTI), MEA, New Delhi