

## ASEAN-India Relations

India's relationship with ASEAN has emerged as a key cornerstone of our foreign policy. The relationship has evolved from the 'Look East Policy' enunciated in early 1990s which led India to become a Sectoral Partner of ASEAN in 1992, a Dialogue Partner in 1996 and a Summit-level Partner in 2002. The up gradation of this partnership to Strategic Partnership during the celebration of 20<sup>th</sup> anniversary Commemorative Summit at New Delhi in 2012 was a natural corollary to the growth of India-ASEAN relationship during last two decades. The India-ASEAN Strategic Partnership acquired a new momentum with the announcement of "**Act-East Policy**" in the 12<sup>th</sup> Summit in 2014. It conveyed a clear intent on the part of India to up-scaling its engagement with the ASEAN Member States. The Act-East Policy emphasizes Connectivity, Commerce and Culture as the focus areas of action for a greater ASEAN-India integration. It takes into account the blueprints of the three pillars of ASEAN community building process, the ASEAN vision document ASEAN 2025-Forging Ahead Together, the ASEAN Master Plan for Connectivity 2025, the ASEAN ICT Master Plan 2020 and the Initiative for ASEAN Integration Work Plan III.

**25<sup>th</sup> Anniversary of ASEAN-India Dialogue Partnership:** India and ASEAN decided to celebrate 25 years of their Dialogue Partnership, 15 years of Summit Level interaction and 5 years of Strategic Partnership in 2017 both in India and in ASEAN Member States. The celebrations involve conducting key activities in various sectors of our engagement to highlight the strengths of the relationship. These activities will culminate in hosting a grand Commemorative Summit of ASEAN and Indian Heads of States/Governments on the theme "Shared Values, Common Destiny" in India. The celebrations were kick-started with the holding of 2<sup>nd</sup> ASEAN-India Cultural and Civilizational Conference at Jakarta on 19<sup>th</sup> January, 2017. A second significant activity was also completed in January when India exchanged congratulatory letters between their excellences Prime Minister Modi and President Duterte as well as between their excellences the External Affairs Minister of India and Secretary General of ASEAN on 28 January, 2017. Many other activities have been concluded, including the ASEAN-India Ministerial/Business Meet in Telecom sector on the sidelines of Telecom Expo in February, 2017, 6<sup>th</sup> Global Economic Summit with special session on Women Entrepreneurs in ASEAN, Act East Dialogue, Kolkata Dialogue, North-East Business Summit with focus on Connectivity with ASEAN, ASEAN-India Biztech Conference in Kuala Lumpur and ASEAN-India Roundtable-25 years of Partnership etc.

### ASEAN-India Foreign Minister's Meeting

The annual ASEAN-India Foreign Ministers Meeting (PMC+1) took place on 6<sup>th</sup> August, 2017 at Manila which was attended by MOS (VK). India announced its plan to host the ASEAN-India Commemorative Summit on 25<sup>th</sup> January, 2018 and invite all the ten ASEAN Heads of States/ Governments as Chief Guests for the Republic Day Parade on 26<sup>th</sup> January, 2018. India also outlined the Commemorative Activities it plans to implement in the run-up to the ASEAN-India Commemorative Summit.

## **14<sup>th</sup> ASEAN-India Summit**

Prime Minister attended the 14<sup>th</sup> ASEAN-India Summit on 08 September, 2016 at Vientiane, Lao PDR. The significant initiatives announced during the Summit were as follows:

- i. Hosting the Asian Ministerial Conference on Disaster Risk Reduction in November, 2016 at New Delhi.
- ii. Enhance cooperation in Humanitarian Assistance and Disaster Relief Exercises, as well as in capacity building for disaster management personnel.
- iii. Develop ASEAN-India network of Business Chambers to structure new commercial partnerships.
- iv. Operationalize the Project Development Fund for CLMV countries.
- v. Establishment of a Joint Task Force on Connectivity to carry forward the exploratory work on the extension of India-Myanmar-Thailand Trilateral Highway to Cambodia, Laos and Vietnam.
- vi. Setting up of a regional high-capacity fibre-optic network, supplemented by a national rural broadband network and digital villages in remote areas.
- vii. Operationalize Innovation Platform for utilization of the enhanced S&T Development Fund.
- viii. Flagship ASEAN-India Programme for Combating Malaria.
- ix. Enhance the ASEAN-India Fund with an additional grant of US\$ 50 million.
- x. Hold India-ASEAN Youth Summit.
- xi. Commission a project for mapping of Indian inscriptions along the Mekong river, as well as a project to capture the cultural symbols of our diversity. Create an online resource centre, accessible to all our citizens.
- xii. Host ASEAN as our Guest of Honour for the International Buddhist Conclave in October 2016.

## **Connectivity**

Strengthening Connectivity, including land and sea connectivity, with ASEAN is one of the strategic objectives of India and ASEAN Member States. Regular exchanges take place between ASEAN Connectivity Coordinating Committee (ACCC) and India on Connectivity. The signal effort under the ASEAN-India Connectivity initiative is the India-Myanmar-Thailand Trilateral Highway. India-Myanmar-Thailand Trilateral Task Force on Connectivity and Infrastructure has been set-up to undertake time bound work on completion of the Trilateral Highway and also undertake negotiations on the Motor Vehicles Agreement. India and ASEAN are holding consultations on extension of Trilateral Highway to Laos, Cambodia and Vietnam. India and ASEAN are also working to strengthen the Maritime Connectivity.

## **India-ASEAN Trade & Economic Cooperation**

The ASEAN-India Trade in Goods Agreement was signed in 2009 and ones on ASEAN-India Trade-in-Services and Investments in 2015. With the signing of these Agreements, the ASEAN-India FTA is complete. ASEAN-India trade rebounded in 2016-17 to reach USD 70 billion after few years of static growth due to global slowdown.

FDI inflows into India from ASEAN between April 2000 to December 2016 were US\$ 54.97 billion, which represents 16.81% of the cumulative inflows received by India. Cumulative FDI outflows from India to ASEAN countries, from April 2007 to March 2015, as per data maintained by Ministry of Finance, was about US\$ 38.67 billion.

## **India-ASEAN Business Council (AIBC)**

The AIBC consists of eminent Leaders of Business in ASEAN Member States and India. They meet annually on the sidelines of ASEAN- India Economic Ministers' Meeting. A Secretariat for AIBC was established in Malaysia in 2015.

## **Agriculture**

ASEAN-India cooperation in the field of Agriculture is diverse and covers a variety of sectors such as food security, exchange of information and technology, research and development projects, agriculture and forestry-related industries, and human resources development. An annual ASEAN-India Agriculture Ministers Meeting (AIMMAF) has been formalized and has met regularly since 2011. The 2<sup>nd</sup> Medium Term Plan of Action for cooperation 2016-20 is likely to be adopted in 4<sup>th</sup> AIMMAF to be held in 2017. A number of cooperative activities in Agriculture have been undertaken since 2011.

## **Space**

In the field of Space cooperation, ISRO is implementing a project proposal for (i) establishment of Tracking and Data Reception Station and Data Processing Facility at Ho Chi Minh City; (ii) up-gradation of Tracking Telemetry and Command (TTC) Centre at Biak, Indonesia; and (iii) Training of ASEAN Personnel in Space Science and Technology at the Centre for Space Science and Technology Education in Asia and the Pacific (CSSTEAP).

## **New&RenewableEnergy**

Ministry of New & Renewable Energy (MNRE) convened the 1st ASEAN-India Ministerial Meeting on New & Renewable Energy in New Delhi on November 7, 2012 which discussed (a) policy and regulatory framework across countries for facilitating, promoting and mainstreaming renewable energy; (b) facilitating finance for renewable energy applications; and (c) cooperation in research and development, technology transfer and resource assessment, including developing institutional linkages. The meeting adopted a 'New Delhi Declaration on ASEAN-India Cooperation in Renewable Energy'.

## **Small and Medium Enterprises**

India has been cooperating in SME sector with ASEAN Member States through a Joint Working Group. India has created a Project Development Fund equivalent to \$ 75 million approx. to develop manufacturing hubs in CLMV countries. India has taken steps to set up an ASEAN-India Innovation Platform by increasing ASEAN-India Science and Technology Development fund from US \$ 1million to US \$ 5 million, to facilitate commercialization of low cost technologies, technology transfer and collaborative R&D projects. Regular interaction takes place between the SME sectors of India and ASEAN Member States.

## **Environment and Forest**

ASEAN-India Green Fund was established in 2007 with US\$ 5 million for funding pilot projects to promote adaptation and mitigation technologies in the field of climate change. The 1st Meeting of the ASEAN-India Environment Ministers held on September 6-7, 2012. The Ministers adopted the New Delhi ASEAN India Ministerial Statement on Biodiversity. ASEAN and India are collaborating on several projection Climate Change and bio-diversity through partnership with IISc, Bangalore.

## **Tourism**

India-ASEAN cooperation in Tourism Sector is conducted through annual ASEAN-India Tourism Ministers Meeting. The 3<sup>rd</sup> ATM+India meeting in 2012 signed a MoU on Strengthening Tourism Cooperation thereby making India the first Dialogue Partner to sign an MoU on Strengthening Tourism Cooperation with ASEAN. An ASEAN Promotional Chapter for Tourism (APCT) has been established in Mumbai in 2011. A number of activities are conducted every year to promote mutual tourism.

## **People-to-people connectivity**

Several projects on people-to-people connectivity are held annually to increase interaction between India and ASEAN Community. Projects which have been carried out on this front are as follows:

- i. **ASEAN-India Network of Think Tanks:** ASEAN-India Network of Think Tanks established since 2009-10 held its 4<sup>th</sup> Meeting in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia in August, 2015. The 5<sup>th</sup> meeting is slated to be held in Indonesia in 2017.
- ii. **Exchange of Parliamentarians:** Indian parliamentary delegations have been regularly attending the ASEAN Inter-Parliamentary Assembly (AIPA) since 2010.
- iii. **ASEAN-India Media Exchange Programme:** Forty media personnel visit AMS and India annually under the ASEAN-India Media Exchange Programme.
- iv. **Students Exchange Programme:** A Student Exchange Programme has also been institutionalized under which 250 ASEAN Students visit India annually

from ASEAN Member States. The participation has been increased to 500 students in the Commemorative year 2017.

- v. **ASEAN-India Eminent Persons Lecture Series:** AIEPLS is an annual event where Eminent Persons from ASEAN Countries and deliver lectures on topics of relevance and similarly Eminent Persons from India visit the ASEAN Member States to deliver the lectures.
- vi. **Special Course for ASEAN Diplomats:** Annually 30 ASEAN Diplomats including 3 Officials from the ASEAN Secretariat are provided special training at the Foreign Service Institute (FSI) in New Delhi.

**Delhi Dialogue:** Delhi Dialogue is a premier annual track 1.5 event since 2009 to discuss politico-security and economic issues between ASEAN and India. Nine editions of Delhi dialogue have been held so far at New Delhi. Delhi Dialogue has an Inaugural Ministerial Session, a Business Session and an Academic Session. It has evolved into a premier event for taking stock of global geo-political movements and their impact on ASEAN-India relations and making recommendations for future direction of this landmark relationship.

#### **ASEAN-India Plan of Action**

A Plan of Action (2004-2010) was developed to implement the ASEAN-India Partnership for Peace, Progress and Shared Prosperity. The 3<sup>rd</sup> Plan of Action for 2016-2020 has been finalized after successful implementation of previous one and a list of prioritized activities chalked out for 2016-18. It envisages functional cooperation in a range of sectors in the political, economic and socio-cultural spheres with the objective of capacity building and development, particularly to narrow the development gaps between ASEAN member states under their Initiative for ASEAN Integration (IAI) programme. The financing of POA projects is done through ASEAN-India Fund, Science & Technology Development Fund and Green Fund.

#### **Useful Links:**

<http://www.asean.org/asean/external-relations/india/>

<http://mea.gov.in/aseanindia/20-years.htm>

<http://idsa.in/event/delhi-dialogue-viii>